

For Boys and Girls

AMONG THE PAPUANS.

A Glimpse at the People of New Guinea—Interesting Sketch by Captain Tom.

(Issued by the Central Press Association of Columbus, Ohio.)

New Guinea is one of the largest islands in the world. It was visited by European sailors more than 200 years ago, yet because of the ferocity of its warlike tribes and the density of its forests, we know but little about that remarkable country, beyond the coast line.

The people are of a dark, chocolate color, some being quite as black as the negroes, whom they much resemble. Their hair is long and bushy and they give much time to its care. Before a great feast, a chief will have a half score men and women working on his hair for days, and when it is finished



PAPUAN CANOES.

with feathers, shells and red clay, it often measures several feet in circumference, and the structure, with a little fixing, lasts for months.

The parts of the shore where I visited were Port Mowbray at the southwestern end, which is claimed by the English, and the coast along the Dourga Straits to the north, which is claimed by the Papuans, and where the people build their houses in the branches of trees and are such expert climbers that they have been called "monkey men" by sailors who have visited that part of the island.

There are many tribes on the island speaking different dialects, but many of the customs are common to all. There is no danger there of a man's heirs quarrelling over the division of his property, for, as soon as he dies everything he owns is at once burned or otherwise destroyed. It is also the custom to buy wives, the woman's father setting the price, and regulating it not by the girl's looks, but by her size and her ability to cook and keep her husband's thatched hut in order.

The English have an agent and keep a gunboat at Port Mowbray, and it was my good fortune to be the guest of the Englishmen, through whose kindness I learned a great deal about these, the most remarkable savages in the world. Like all the natives of Polynesia, the people of New Guinea who live along the coast are expert canoe builders, and are quite as much at home in the water as on shore; indeed, it is said, the children can swim before they can walk, and the children of nearly all savage tribes can walk before they are six months old. The Papuans—that is the name applied to the race of black islanders—are said to be very treacherous, but they impressed me as being a happy, child-like people, fond of singing and laughing, loving to bask in the sun, and hating nothing but hard work, of which they have not much to do, for fruit and fish are abundant, and as for clothes—well, the climate does not require clothing, and so long as their bushy heads are done up in gorgeous fashion, the people consider themselves in full dress.

At the other side of the bay from Port Mowbray there is a native village, and here I had the privilege of spend-



ing a few days under the protection of a chief, or head man, named Hunata. This man, because he was a chief, had six wives and so many children that he did not pretend to know them from anyone else children, as they ran naked and shouting along the white, shell-strewn sand.

A very funny thing happened during my visit to this village. An English lady of note, the wife of the governor of New South Wales, was expected to visit Port Mowbray and "to take in" the native village. As it would never do to have the chief and his followers appear in their customary want of dress, the agent thoughtfully sent over a lot of shirts and cotton trousers, telling Hunata he and his people must put the things on during the visit of her ladyship, and the chief piously promised to do as he was told.

As none of the men had ever worn a shirt or trousers before, they had great difficulty in getting into the things. Some of the men wore the trousers with their arms through the legs, and others wore the shirts by tying them about their waists by means of the sleeves, and a most laughable and grotesque appearance they presented.

The children really looked better without any dress, and the women at all times wear an apron of woven sea grass. Now, it so happened that the lady did not come at the appointed time, and so the men soon began to weary of wearing their trousers about their necks and their shirts about their waists.

Like all savage races, and some civilized ones, the Papuans are insatiable gamblers. By means of a sort of dice they gamble away all their possessions, not many to be sure, but their clothes and implements for fishing and the chase have value. The shirts and trousers were too tempting a property to remain long in the possession of the men to whom they were given. As the lady did not come when expected, the natives began to gamble, and as a consequence by the time her ladyship reached Port Mowbray the chief, who was the most famous gambler along the coast, had won all the shirts and trousers of the other members of the tribe. These articles were not regarded as

essential to decency, but rather as things decorative, so when the lady did not appear and the agent's representative came over to the village to see that all was ready for the white woman's reception, he found to his horror and amazement that all the men but the chief, Hunata, were in the customary state of undress. The chief, by way of exhibiting his possessions in the way of clothes, was literally covered with shirts and trousers, all put on in the most helter-skelter fashion, in addition to which he had a big pack on his back.

The outcome of this was that the governor's wife did not visit the natives at all, whereat they were much disappointed, for they had smeared themselves with coconut oil to make up for the want of clothes.

The Papuan children mature very early. Boys become men at the age of fourteen, and girls of twelve look like full-grown women, but this is the case with the people of all hot countries. Next to the boys and girls of the native Australian tribes, those of New Guinea impressed me the least favorably.

CAPTAIN TOM.

BOOKS FOR BOYS.

Many of Those Written Expressly for Them Are Most Interesting.

In looking over the catalogue of publishing houses, one is surprised to note the number of books published exclusively for boys, and the number of juvenile or so-called "boys' periodicals, that one sees on the news-stands is surprising. In looking over these vast numbers of books and periodicals the thoughtful observer must ask himself how young people can find time to read even a part of these innumerable publications and at the same time do justice to their studies. It is a lamentable fact that a great majority of these books and periodicals are of the pernicious kind, while pretending to give stories of travel and adventure, they are written as a rule by unscrupulous "authors," who have never visited the countries they attempt to describe, or the stories of so-called fiction are so forced and unnatural as to give false and dangerous ideas of life to the young reader.

It is not well, perhaps, to confine the child or youth exclusively to the dry details of text books, yet the fact cannot be concealed that in proportion as they read outside works, even of a high order, they are unfitted for a close application to study.

There are few books, like Robinson Crusoe, Captain Cook's Voyages, The Arabian Nights and works of such character, as have become classics in our language, are incorporated in our every-day speech, and must be regarded as a part of every liberal education. But outside of these the parent should exercise as much care in selecting what children read as in what they wear and eat, more indeed, for defective clothing or unwholesome food cannot have such an injurious effect as the reading that demoralizes the intellect and degrades the character. Teachers and parents should carefully look into this matter, for the success of the scholar and the character of the future citizen depend to a large extent on what they read in youth.

As a matter of fact, the publishers of a majority of the books and periodicals referred to are making fortunes in a way far more reprehensible than the manufacturers of poisonous cigarettes. An attempt has been made to control by legislation the smoking or rather the sale of cigarettes, but there has as yet arisen no statesman with the penetration and forthrightness necessary to enact a law for regulating the books or literature that are now poured in demoralizing torrents across the pathway of the young.

A Queer Old Place.

Downtown—What a queer old city Philadelphia is, to be sure?

Upton—What have you struck now? Downtown—I have just heard that the newspaper which has made the most money over there is noted for telling the truth.—New York Weekly.



Mrs. N. G. Nichols, Canton, Ohio.

Permanent Good Long and Discouraging Illness With Symptoms of Consumption

All Medicines Fail Except Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: 'Gentlemen:—Ten years ago, my wife's health began to fail. I consulted a physician, and for one year she remained under his care and took all the medicine prescribed, but still grew worse. We then consulted other physicians, and she doctored off and on for four years without any improvement. As her mother died of consumption, and I expected my wife would do the same way. However, feeling as my wife was and thought

Given Up as Incurable by the physician, I could not give up hope, and she still clung to life. Then we began to try different medicines. We found that of all the preparations taken, a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla had seemed to do her the most good, so she determined to take that medicine again. I bought six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and while taking this lot she seemed to get better. This was so encouraging, after so

Long and Discouraging Illness, that she continued with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Her health has improved and she has ceased to complain. She is still taking the medicine, and feels so much better and stronger that we believe her to be in perfect health. Although,

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures we have spent \$30 for Hood's, a very small amount compared to the big bills in those four years, and considering the fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for permanent good." J. N. Nichols, No. 25 Springfield Ave., Canton, O.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

A Boy's Complaint.

"It's hard on a fellow, I do declare! And enough to make him pout; In every one of the suits I wear The pockets are 'most worn out. They're 'bout as big as the ears of a mole And I never have more than three; And there's always coming a mean little hole That loses my penknives for me.

"I can't make 'em hold but a few little things—Some cookies, an apple or two. A knife and a pencil and a bunch of strings, Some nails and maybe a screw, And marbles, of course, and a top and a ball, And shells and pebbles and such; And some odds and ends—yes, honest, that's all; You can see for yourself it isn't much.

"I'd like a suit of some patent kind, With pockets made long and wide; Above and below and before and behind, Sewed extra strong and heavy. I'd want about a dozen or so, All easy and quick to get at; And I should be perfectly happy, I know With a handy rig like that."

GODDESS OF LIBERTY.

The Duse Turban.

Besides the prim, straight brimmed, plainly trimmed sailor hat which has nothing the least fancy about it but its name—the hat which so many women, matrons included, wear so comfortably and becomingly when they would perhaps look and feel absurd in most other shapes—is the neat little Duse turban, a model not unlike a modified English walking hat, with a low round crown and a pretty rolling brim that is unlike the English walking hat proper, in that the Duse brim does not roll up close to the crown, but broadens more on each side, making it particularly becoming to slender faces. A veil fastens over it gracefully and comfortably, and it is just the shape to accompany a tailor costume for shopping and walking, and for traveling it is most admirable. The shape described is easily recognized, I think different milliners give it a different name. It was, however, called originally after the actress.—Milliner.

The Dream That Didn't Come True.

In the interests of common sense it is well to occasionally relate of the dreams which didn't come true. One of the contesting heirs of an aged Bath lady dreamed three nights in succession that there was a will and that it had been buried with the woman. On the strength of this the grave was reopened and the casket searched carefully, only to learn that the dreams amounted to nothing.—Augusta (Me.) Journal.

Be Cheerful.

Be cheerful. It is better to live in sunshine than in gloom. If a cloud rests upon your heart, turn its silver lining to your friends, and the glow of cheer it will cast upon them will be reflected on you, and the cloud will give way before the brightness and joy its own light has begotten.—New York Ledger.

THE MARKETS.

Provision Market.

NAPOLEON, O., June 13, '94.

Corrected weekly by A. Bradley.

Apples, green per bush	1.00-1.10
Apples, red per bush	.80-1.00
Bacon, country	.12
Butter, country	.20
Eggs, per dozen	.15
Flour, per barrel	4.00
Onions, per bush	.50
Potatoes, per bush	1.00-1.25
Beans, per bush	.75
Salt, coarse, per bush	1.00-1.25
Salt, fine, per bush	1.00-1.25
Salt, coarse, per barrel	5.00-5.25
Salt, fine, per barrel	5.00-5.25
Street cleaned weekly by J. H. Dierker	13 1/2
Pickled pork	12 1/2
Smoked bacon	18
Smoked hams	18
Smoked shoulders	12
Beef, front quarter	6
Beef, hind quarter	6
Chicken, live	5 1/2
Turkeys, live	8 1/2
Geese, live	4 1/2
Goose, live	4 1/2
Vaseline	21 1/2
Hydrocarbon	21 1/2
Sheep, per head	30-32
Sheep, per head	30-32
Sheep, per head	30-32
Dressed Hogs	5 1/2

Flour, Feed and Grain.

Corrected weekly by J. Koller & Co.

Wheat, No. 2, red	45
Rye	42
Corn per bush	65
Oats per bush	25
Buckwheat	75
Koller's No. 1 flour per sack	90
No. 2 flour	80
Koller's No. 3 flour per sack	70
Rye flour per sack	70
Meal per sack	20
Ground oats per sack	20
Barley per bush	70
Salt per bush	1 1/2
White lime	85
Waterlime	15
Kaiser plaster	10
Plaster per bush	10
Buckwheat per bush	40

Cincinnati Tobacco.

Hhds.

Receipts for the week 1,114

Receipts same week last year 1,227

The range of prices during the week is as follows:

The 111 hhd. old: 4 @ 10.00; 3 @ 9.50; 5 @ 9.00; 7 @ 8.50; 9 @ 8.00; 11 @ 7.50; 13 @ 7.00; 15 @ 6.50; 17 @ 6.00; 19 @ 5.50; 21 @ 5.00; 23 @ 4.50; 25 @ 4.00; 27 @ 3.50; 29 @ 3.00; 31 @ 2.50; 33 @ 2.00; 35 @ 1.50; 37 @ 1.00; 39 @ .50; 41 @ .00.

The 1,675 hhd. new: 12 @ 10.00; 14 @ 9.50; 16 @ 9.00; 18 @ 8.50; 20 @ 8.00; 22 @ 7.50; 24 @ 7.00; 26 @ 6.50; 28 @ 6.00; 30 @ 5.50; 32 @ 5.00; 34 @ 4.50; 36 @ 4.00; 38 @ 3.50; 40 @ 3.00; 42 @ 2.50; 44 @ 2.00; 46 @ 1.50; 48 @ 1.00; 50 @ .50; 52 @ .00.

Cattle—Prime, \$4.50; good, \$4.40; fair, \$4.30; rough, \$4.20; fat, \$4.10; good fat, \$4.00; hogs, \$3.90; good hogs, \$3.80; rough hogs, \$3.70; fresh cows and spring cows, \$3.60; fresh cows and spring cows, \$3.50; Philadelphia, \$3.40; Yorkers, \$3.30; pigs, \$3.20; good heavy hogs, \$3.10; good heavy hogs, \$3.00; rough hogs, \$2.90; fair, \$2.80; common, \$2.70; yearlings, \$2.60; 400 lbs. hogs, \$2.50.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—55 @ 57.00; Corn—42 @ 49.00; Cattle—Selected butchers, \$4.00; fair to medium, \$3.90; common, \$3.80; 2.50. Hogs—Selected and prime butchers, \$4.50; packing, \$4.40; common, \$4.30; rough, \$4.20; fat, \$4.10; good fat, \$4.00; hogs, \$3.90; good hogs, \$3.80; rough hogs, \$3.70; fresh cows and spring cows, \$3.60; fresh cows and spring cows, \$3.50; Philadelphia, \$3.40; Yorkers, \$3.30; pigs, \$3.20; good heavy hogs, \$3.10; good heavy hogs, \$3.00; rough hogs, \$2.90; fair, \$2.80; common, \$2.70; yearlings, \$2.60; 400 lbs. hogs, \$2.50.

New York.

Wheat—August, 62 1/2 @ 63 1/2; Corn—September, 40 1/2 @ 41 1/2; Oats—Western, 44 @ 45; Cattle—4 @ 40; Sheep—2 @ 30; 1.00. Lambs—2 @ 25 @ 30.

Chicago.

Hogs—Select butchers, \$4.60; packing, \$4.50; fair, \$4.40; common, \$4.30; rough, \$4.20; fat, \$4.10; good fat, \$4.00; hogs, \$3.90; good hogs, \$3.80; rough hogs, \$3.70; fresh cows and spring cows, \$3.60; fresh cows and spring cows, \$3.50; Philadelphia, \$3.40; Yorkers, \$3.30; pigs, \$3.20; good heavy hogs, \$3.10; good heavy hogs, \$3.00; rough hogs, \$2.90; fair, \$2.80; common, \$2.70; yearlings, \$2.60; 400 lbs. hogs, \$2.50.

Toledo.

Wheat—Cash, 55 1/2; July, 55 1/2; bid; September, 55 1/2; bid; Corn—Cash, 40; bid; Oats—Cash, 40; bid; 25 @ 30.

GREAT Special Sale

OF DRESS GOODS!

Ribbons, Fans and Umbrellas, at

WILSON'S

Until July 5th, 1894.

Not wishing to carry over any summer goods, I have made sweeping reductions in the entire lines of the above goods in order to clear them out. This will embrace

Every Description of Dress Goods in my Store

a few of which I name. Silks, Silk Granadines, Wool Granadines, all wool Henriettas, all wool Serges, half wool Henriettas, all wool novelty Dress Goods, Challies, white goods, Pongees, Satines, Canton Cloth, Swiss, Elfine Veiling, Embroidered white and colored Robes, Embroideries and dress trimmings.

My Entire Stock of Ribbons, Fans, Umbrellas and Parasols.

Now is Your Time to Buy and Save Money.

Standard prints	4c	Canton Cloth	8c
Light Challies	4c	Elfine Veiling	12c
10c fine dress Gingham for	7c	Figured Swiss	17c
15c fine Zephyr Gingham for	10c	Dotted Muslin	5c

Good brown sheeting from 4c to 5c; a good Paragon frame Gloria Silk 26 and 28 inch Umbrella for \$1.25. Fans and ribbons, a large assortment at such low prices that is sure to make them go. I will continue my clothing, boots, shoes, slippers, underwear, hosiery, gloves, mitts, gents' furnishing goods, lace curtain and window drapery sale until above date. My entire stock of spring wraps at less than first cost.

D. WILSON,
Perry Street, - - - Napoleon, Ohio.

OHIO STATE NEWS.

NOTES OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS IN OUR OWN STATE.

Concise and Condensed Telegraphic Reports of the Week—An Interesting Collection of Items From Here and There Throughout the State.

Two colored men are in jail at Urbana, O., charged with arson to secure insurance money.

A dozen passengers were hurt by unknowns stoning a train neariffin, O., Thursday.

Ohio is the banner Sunday school state of the union.

A branch of the American Railway union, the first labor organization ever founded in town, has been organized at Circleville, O.

Anton Zherendner, a member of the Third regiment at Columbus, O., was prosecuted by the heat and unable to accompany his regiment to the strike war.

A guard at the Columbus (O.) penitentiary, while on duty, was robbed of several hundred dollars in his room.

Miss Eliza Barrowfield, 19, was arrested at Hamilton for deserting an illegitimate child.

A relay bicycle race was run across Ohio from Sandusky to Portsmouth and the schedule time was beat. Distance, 112 miles, was divided into 35 relays.

A fire occurred in the deaf and dumb asylum at Columbus, O., and \$1,000 damage done.

Jacob Ruby, a wealthy farmer near Dayton, O., suicided Sunday morning by hanging.

Dr. A. H. Ronsperg has been requested to resign from the superintendency of the Dayton asylum for the insane. The trustees united in the request, after an investigation.

Ohio's oldest lawyer, A. L. Curtis of Ashland, dropped dead Monday at his home.

Diphtheria is raging at Jeffersonville, Ohio.

STRUCK A SNAG.

The beautiful steamer Sunshine sank in the Ohio.

GALLIPOLIS, O., June 12.—The beautiful steamer Sunshine struck a rock while up Kanawha after coal Sunday and sank, with her bow on the wall at Knob shoals, and is in very bad condition. A three-foot hole was knocked in her hull, and the small hog chain broken. She sank in four feet of water. Her freight was badly damaged. The Sunshine was recently purchased by the Big Sandy Packet company.

The steamer Sunshine is the property of the White Collar line. She was about four years old and very fast. She was built in 1890 by Captain Gamble of Parkersburg, W. Va., at Brownsville, Pa., for the Parkersburg and Wheeling trade.

Last season she was engaged in the Coney Island trade and was purchased for \$10,000 by the Big Sandy Packet company and ran to Memphis from this port until two weeks ago.

Bondsmen Not Released.

LOGAN, O., June 9.—Logan voted Thursday on the proposition whether or not to release the bondsmen of City Treasurer Chris Holl, who had \$1,300 of the city's fund in the People's bank when it failed two years ago, since which time he has been unable to recover said funds from the bank. The bondsmen are L. A. Culver, F. F. Rempel and William Waner. The following is the result of the election: To release bondsmen 239, against release 335.

The Day We Celebrate.

1776 1894

Fourth of July Celebration AT NAPOLEON.

The citizens of Henry and adjoining counties are invited to a celebration of the 118th Anniversary of American Independence at Napoleon on the 4th of July next.

The programme will be elaborate and varied, suited to instruct and amuse all classes, so that all who may attend will be entertained.

A hearty welcome is extended to everybody, and Napoleon will make it pleasant for all.

For particulars look out for large posters and programs.

Come in and be Pleasantly Surprised.

SURPRISED at the Fresh Assortment. SURPRISED at the Superior Quality. SURPRISED at the Large Variety. SURPRISED at the Low Prices.

Spangler's Grocery Store.

Neat Printing IS THE KIND YOU WANT.

Work that is done in a slovenly manner, for a cheap price, is not the kind that pays either the customer or the printer.

We have the facilities to turn out—and do turn out—a VERY FINE GRADE OF PRINTING, at a REASONABLE PRICE. The Northwest is the best advertising medium in Henry county. The official paper of this county and only \$1.00 per year.

FRAME HOUSE

and lot on Washington street.

House and Lot

on Clinton St. Good location and will sell cheap if taken soon. Inquire of

A. S. THIESEN,

Ins. Office over Spengler's.

\$8.00 ONLY

For the Best Set of Teeth

that can be made. Guaranteed to be such or money refunded.

Silver filling	75c
Amalgam filling	50c
Gold filling	1.00
Gold filling	1.00
Teeth cleaned	75c
Teeth extracted	25c
Amalgam Plate	30.00
Gold Plate	40.00

We are the only Dentists in Toledo that use Vitalized Air for painless extraction of teeth.

Taft's Dental Parlors,

277 Summit street, Toledo, O.
Office open Sundays from 9:30 to 1 o'clock.
Phone 608. Dr. J. M. ARLAND, Prop.
Feb. 7/94-12

ATTENTION TEACHERS!

THOSE DESIRING TO ATTEND A

Summer Normal

WILL SAVE MONEY BY ADDRESSING

The Maumee Valley Normal School

GRAND RAPIDS, OHIO.

Term Opens June 25, 1894

mch-29-3m

PIANO AGENCY

I have purchased the Piano and Organ agency of H. H. Lane and have taken possession. My quarters are with John H. Frease, the Jeweler,

333 PERRY ST.

If in need of any musical instruments, call and see me. I will save you money. Watch this space for further information.

C. W. JACKSON.

One Fare Excursion to Denver.

June 10th and 11. For annual meeting American Institute of Homography at Denver Col., June 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st. Will issue one fare excursion tickets from all stations. Ample return limit. Stop over, side trips, etc. Buffet dining car, seats free. Vestibule sleeping cars, via Clover Leaf Route. Call on nearest agent or address

C. C. JENNIE,
Gen'l. Pass. Agent, Toledo, O.
N. R.—Low rate excursion to Portland, Me.
Account—Presbyterian meeting, May. 11

IMPROVED FARMS!

Paulding Co., Ohio.

Known as the Leobner farm, located seven miles south of Defiance on the Augate river, sec. 19, township 3, range 4 east. Building first-class, water good and plenty. The farm consists of 257 acres. Will sell the whole or part of it.